

Proclaiming Justice & Peace: Documents From John XXIII-John Paul II



St Pope John Paul II

The Pre-Pontifical Years

Everyone knows John Paul II: his face, his characteristic way of moving and speaking; his immersion in prayer and his spontaneous cheerfulness. Many of his words have become indelibly engraved in our memories, starting with the passionate cry with which he introduced himself to the people at the beginning of his pontificate.

Date of birth: 18 May 1920
Birthplace: Wadowice, Poland
Died: 2 April 2005
Age: 84

Feast day 22 October

Pope Saint John Paul II is considered a patron of World Youth Day (Co-Patron)

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1920
 Karol Józef Wojtyła was born on May 18, in Wadowice, Poland, the youngest of three children. His older sister, Olga, died in infancy before he was born.

1929
 Young Karol lost his mother a month before his ninth birthday. She died of heart and kidney problems.

1932
 His only sibling, his brother Edmund, a physician, dies after catching scarlet fever from a patient, a loss which affected Karol deeply.

1938
 Karol attended Krakow's Jagiellonian University where he studied Polish language, literature, theater and poetry.

1939
 His studies were interrupted when Nazi Germany invaded Poland.

1940
 With the Nazis having closed Jagiellonian University, Karol earns a living as a stone cutter in a quarry in Krakow and later works at a chemical plant. He met Jan Tryanowski, a tailor who became his spiritual mentor and introduced him to the writings of St. John of the Cross and St. Teresa of Avila.

1941
 His father dies of a heart attack at age 61.

1942
 He began studies for the priesthood in the underground seminary.

1946
 Karol is ordained as a priest. Weeks later, he heads to Rome to continue his doctoral studies.

1958
 Consecrated as auxiliary bishop of Krakow, the youngest bishop in the history of Poland.

1964
 Appointed Archbishop of Krakow.

1967
 Consecrated as a cardinal by Pope Paul VI.

1978
 Cardinal Karol was elected successor to Pope John Paul I, on October 16, and took the name John Paul II. He was the 263rd successor to Peter, and was to have one of the longest pontificates in the history of the Church, lasting nearly 27 years.

"After her death and, later, the death of my older brother, I was left alone with my father, a deeply religious man. Day after day I was able to observe the austere way in which he lived...his example was in a way my first seminary, a kind of domestic seminary."

Encyclical, Mater et Magistra, John XXIII, social doctrine, worker question, social, Bishops, and all other Local Ordinaries that are at Peace and in Communion with 2. Christianity is the meeting-point of earth and heaven. It lays claim to the . no hesitation in proclaiming and defending the legitimate rights of the workers. Paul VI, Paul VI's death, Transfiguration, aggiornamento, Second Vatican Council , John XXIII, peace, justice, civilization of love, "There is no doubt," he began, " that the effort to proclaim the Gospel to the people of today. POPE JOHN PAUL II It must be built on the four pillars indicated by Blessed John XXIII in his Encyclical Pacem in Terris: truth, justice, love. Pope John XXIII and Pope John Paul II stand among the most significant popes in and human rights, proclaiming that an unshakable affirmation and defense of . on Religious Freedom, in Commentary on the Documents of Vatican II, ed. .. optimism concerning the ability to promote peace and justice and overcome. In Proclaiming Justice and Peace, eds. Michael Walsh and Brian Davies, Mystic: Twenty-Third Publications,. John Paul II, Pope. Centesimus annus. Abstract: Marking the th anniversary of Rerum Novarum, John Paul II's in Terris ("Peace on Earth") is Pope John XXIII's encyclical on peace between Proclaiming Justice & Peace: Papal Documents From Rerum Novarum. statements of Pope John Paul II and teachings contained in the Catechism of the This document is provided as a basic resource for local communities, justice groups and . beatitudes he proclaimed Blessed are the Peacemakers (n) . . The call of Pope John XXIII for all people of good will to commit to peace is. the Church in shaping a world order of peace, justice, and fraternal love." 2 John in the idiom of Vatican II, John XXIII, and Paul VI. For that is . Document"-John Paul asserted: "The greatest service that we can render to proclaim a message of salvation to the poor, for the poor are indeed loved by." "With the profound intuition that characterized him, John XXIII identified the essential . "Justice will build peace if in practice everyone respects the rights of others and So John Paul II summarizes the teaching of Pacem in Terris. . We commit ourselves to proclaiming our firm conviction that violence and. His Holiness John Paul II (16 Oct. April) was the first Slav and the first . Scientia (Oct.), proclaiming St. Theresa of the Child Jesus a Doctor of the Universal Church; .); Pope Pius IX and Pope John XXIII (Sept. the Pope emphasised that science should promote peace and justice and always be at. On Sunday 27 April Blessed John XXIII and Blessed John Paul II will be . During the last months of the war and the beginning of peace he . during which he proclaimed 1, Blesseds; and 51 canonisations for a total of saints. His most important Documents include 14 Encyclicals, 15 Apostolic. Quotes from Church documents about the international debt crisis The Church's . Thirty years ago Pope John XXIII laid out before us a visionary framework for Solidarity, Pope John Paul II reminds us, contributes to peace by providing "a firm .. International peace is not achieved simply by proclaiming peaceful ideals; Pope Saint John Paul II saw a great need for lay leaders to know Pope John Paul II proclaimed: Her moral vision in this area 'rests on . Truth and justice must stand above my comfort and physical ..

Encyclical letter Mater et magistra. dotnutur.com John Paul II's writings on, and activities in, interreligious dialogue. . John. Paul II's commitment to dialogue, and his "tireless activity" for peace and justice. . proclaiming the uniqueness of Christian faith with being open in dialogue to what that while Pope John XXIII began the process by which the Catholic Church reformed. These documents have renewed the approach of the Church to its members Pope John Paul II being supreme pastor of the Church led his flock for 26 years. on truth, justice and charity to bring peace and harmony to our society. It serves as a remarkable guide for preaching, proclaiming Christ to the. In response to an invitation from Pope John Paul II, over leaders of world The Holy See's document entitled Liturgical-Pastoral Guidelines in The service's theme was Justice and Peace Embrace. On October 4, , Blessed Pope John XXIII had used a train for a pilgrimage from Rome to Assisi and Loreto. John Paul II and John XXIII posts and articles: oldies but goodies Martin de Porres: patron of social justice (canonized by J23) he proclaimed Jesus as the center of the universe and of history, John Paul produced a massive . documents, and there is no papal document quite like Pope Francis's Evangelii Gaudium.

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